### **EXTRACT FROM EN 1125**

1	User category	3 = high frequency of use
2	Durability	6 = 100.000 test cycles
		7 = 200.000 test cycles
3	Door weight	$5 = \le 100 \text{ kg}$
		6 = ≤ 200 kg
		7 = > 200  kg
4	Use in smoke-proof and	0 = not approved for use on fire/smoke door
	fire doors assamblies	fire doors assamblies
		A = suitable for use on smoke door assamblies on
		basis of requirements according to B.1
		B = suitable for use on fire/smoke door assamblies on
		on basis of a test according EN 1634-1
5	Safety of people	1 = highest class
6	Corrosion resistance	3 = 96h EN 1670
		4 = 240h EN 1670
7	Anti-burglary protection	2
8	Fitting protrusion	1 ≤ 150 mm
		2 ≤ 100 mm
9	Type of operation	A = push bar
		B = touch bar
10	Field of door application	A = single- and double-leaf doors, active and inactive leaf
		B = only for single-leaf doors
		C = for double-leaf doors, leaf inactive

HEWI certified emergency exit fittings are marked with the following symbol:



The corresponding certificates are available from the lock manufacturers and HEWI.

## Panic door device with bar

HEWI panic bars and handles are classified in the category emergency exit device TYPE A and B according to EN 1125.

HEWI panic bars and handles are tested and certified.

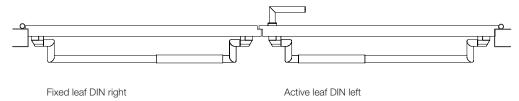
The following products are approved for combinations with lock and strike series:

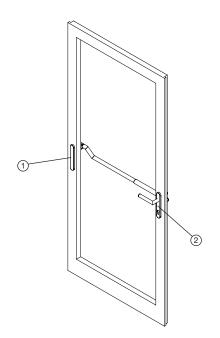


### PS111XA... PS160XA...

HEWI, together with the following lock manufacturers, has had the panic bars certified: Assa Abloy, BKS, BMH, Fuhr, GEZE, Grundmann, KFV, MSL, DOM or Wilka.

#### **DIN** directions for panic bars





# NOTES ON EN 1125

# Locking plate for panic bar fixing

Locking plates consist of a doorplate (1) and a lever handle with backplate 219... (2) for screw fixing the panic bar

